

**First Professional BHMS Degree Supplementary Examinations
November 2024**

Homoeopathic Pharmacy

(2022 Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours**Total marks:100**

- *Answer all questions to the point neatly and legibly • Do not leave any blank pages between answers • Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space*
- *Answer all parts of a single question together • Leave sufficient space between answers*
- *Draw table/diagrams/flow charts wherever necessary*

1. Multiple Choice Questions**(10x1=10)**

The Answers to MCQ questions (Q.No. i to Q.No. x) shall be written continuously on the first two writing sheets (ie Page No. 3 & 4) only

- i. 1 grain = _____ mg
 - a) 45
 - b) 55
 - c) 65
 - d) 75
- ii. Homoeopathic medicine Opium is prepared from _____
 - a) Seeds of poppy
 - b) Gummy juice of poppy
 - c) Leaves of poppy
 - d) Flowers of poppy
- iii. Synthetic source of Homoeopathic drugs is also known as _____
 - a) Allersode
 - b) Isode
 - c) Imponderabilia
 - d) Tautopathy
- iv. Roots of 'Biennials', should be collected in _____
 - a) Spring
 - b) Autumn
 - c) Rainy season
 - d) None of the above
- v. Which among the following is an example of Cation exchange resin?
 - a) Amberlite IRA-400
 - b) ZeocarbH
 - c) Both A&B
 - d) None of the above
- vi. Tinctura acris sine Kali is the common name of _____
 - a) Hepar sulph
 - b) Kreosotum
 - c) Causticum
 - d) Phosphorus

(PTO)

- vii. Match the following Drug: Vehicle ratios with Old method of mother tincture preparation

i. Class I	a) 1:2
ii. Class II	b) 3:2
iii. Class III	c) 1:1
iv. Class IV	d) 1:5

- a) i-a, ii-b, iii-c, iv-d
b) i-b, ii-c, iii-d, iv-a
c) i-c, ii-b, iii-a, iv-d
d) i-d, ii-c, iii-b, iv-a
- viii. In prescription, 'Stat' means ____
a) Sufficient quantity
b) Immediately
c) If required
d) Status
- ix. Which among the following statements are true while selecting potency
a) More the susceptibility, lesser is the medicinal quantity, hence lower the potency
b) More the susceptibility, more is the medicinal quantity, hence lower the potency
c) More the susceptibility, more is the medicinal quantity, hence higher the potency
d) More the susceptibility, lesser is the medicinal quantity, hence higher the potency.
- x. Who coined the term "Homoeopathic Pathogenetic Trial" for Homoeopathic drug proving
a) A. V Haller
b) Hahnemann
c) Flavio Dantas
d) Pierre Schmidt

Short Answer Questions:

(8x5=40)

2. Explain the development of official Pharmacopoeia in India
3. Describe the particular notes for the collection of plant parts that are used for mother tincture preparation
4. List the different varieties of alcohol with its strength and mention its uses
5. Illustrate the process of percolation with a neat diagram
6. Define placebo. Explain the indications for placebo.
7. Define doctrine of signature. Explain with suitable examples.
8. What are the methods of standardization of drug substances. Describe biological evaluation in detail.
9. Explain the correlation of Homoeopathic pharmacy with anatomy

Long Answer Questions:

(5x10=50)

10. Enlist the sources of homoeopathic drugs. Explain plant kingdom in detail. (3+7)
11. Define homoeopathic pharmacy. Illustrate its scope and explain the fundamental principles and doctrines of homoeopathic pharmacy (2+4+4)
12. Enumerate various external applications used in homoeopathic pharmacy. Compare and contrast Hahnemannian view on external application with respect to 5th and 6th editions of Organon of Medicine. (4+6)
13. Define Drug Proving. Explain the methodology of Hahnemannian drug proving. (2+8)
14. Enlist the act and rules related to homoeopathic pharmacy. Explain the provisions for sales and manufacturing of homoeopathic drugs in Drugs and Cosmetics Rules 1945 (3+7)